

## JUDGE DOLE FINE MATERIAL FOR REPORTS ON MAINLAND

### Hawaii's "Grand Old Man" Attracts Wide Newspaper Attention on Present Trip

Judge and Mrs. Sanford B. Dole, now on the mainland, are received with the greatest interest wherever they go, judging by the wide newspaper mention they receive. Judge Dole's noted career and striking personality are known all over the country and the reporters have been busy interviewing him wherever he stops.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer of May 6 contains a column interview with the veteran jurist. He was visiting "Ned" Adams in Seattle. Adams is well-known here, having lived in the islands many years and was a member of the first board of supervisors. The Post-Intelligencer says: "Steamship service between Honolulu and Seattle is a business necessity and would prove a profitable venture for both the Hawaiian Islands and Puget Sound district. In the opinion of Sanford Ballard Dole, the leader of the revolt that led to the overthrow of Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii, and resulted in the annexation of the islands to the United States. Judge Dole arrived here yesterday with Mrs. Dole, on his way to attend the fiftieth annual reunion of his class at Williams College, Massachusetts. They are guests at the home of E. R. Adams, a cousin of Mr. Dole. "Hawaii, like the States," said Judge Dole, "is experiencing unprecedented prosperity as a result of the war. Her chief crop, sugar, is quoted at 5.17 cents a pound in the raw state. Before the war 3 1/2 cents was a fair, and 4 cents a splendid price. When sugar, which costs about 35¢ a ton to produce, sells for \$125, there is big money in it.

**Pineapples Also High**  
The second industry of the islands is pineapples, and this fruit, canned, commands a high price. But there is one great drawback to our trade. We have only one steamship line to the States, namely, to San Francisco. This condition is not conducive to the best interests of business. There is some talk in Honolulu of the establishment of another line, but according to present plans it would run to Los Angeles. What we need is communication with Seattle.

"All our pineapple boxes and crates are bought here and have to be sent to San Francisco for transshipment. Our imports from the States are probably more than those of any other outlying possession, and our exports to the States are second in value to those of any outlying possession. I think if capitalists here would interest themselves in the establishment of a Seattle-Honolulu steamship line half the stock in the enterprise would be taken in the islands."

**Enthusiastic War Spirit**  
The war spirit in Hawaii is just as enthusiastic as in the States, declared Judge Dole.

"We have about 70,000 Japanese residents in the islands," he said. They offered to organize an expedition for service under the American flag in Europe, but as they were not United States citizens their offer was not given consideration. However, in the comparatively near future there will be thousands of Japanese, who have been born in the islands, who will be entitled to exercise the rights of citizenship; likewise, a considerable number of Chinese citizens. My observation is that they will make good, conservative citizens.

**Want More Chinese**  
The immigration of Japanese into Hawaii is regulated like it is into the States, by the so-called "gentlemen's agreement." We think we have enough Japanese in the islands, but there is quite a sentiment in favor of asking congress to moderate the restrictions against excluding the Chinese. A petition to congress for the admission of a limited number of Chinese for work on the sugar and pineapple plantations has been considered by the Hawaiian legislature.

"In speaking further about the war,

Judge Dole said that the people of Hawaii regard themselves as out of the danger zone. There are 8000 regular troops there, and it would not be surprising, he said, if most of them were withdrawn for service in the States or on the battle front in Europe.

**Led in Island Reforms**  
"To Judge Dole is credited, more than to any other man, the fact that Hawaii is United States territory. He was born in the islands in 1844, his parents having been missionaries there. He was graduated from Williams College in 1867, and after having studied law and been admitted to the bar in Boston, he engaged in the practice of his profession in Honolulu. He was a member of the Hawaiian legislature under the monarchy from 1884 to 1893.

"Judge Dole led the first reform movement in the islands in 1887, and was judge of the supreme court of Hawaii from 1887 to 1898. In January, 1893, when the reform party deposed Queen Liliuokalani, he was made head of the provisional government that took charge of affairs. The provisional government did not meet with the approval of the administration of Grover Cleveland at Washington, and at his direction in December, 1893, the American flag was hoisted down from the Honolulu courthouse, where it had been raised by the provisional government. He also ordered that the queen be restored to her throne.

"After the annexation of the islands, Judge Dole was appointed governor of the new territory of Hawaii. He resigned this office in 1903 to accept the United States district judgeship of the territory. His term as judge expired last year.

"Of the 53 members of Judge Dole's class at Williams 50 years ago, 26 survive and most of these will be at the jubilee reunion next month. Among the more prominent members of the class, besides Judge Dole, is Granville Hall, president of Clark University, Worcester, Mass. Another prominent member was Hamilton Wright Mabie, the author and lecturer, who died last year."

## Civil War Won By Mere Boys

How the youth and boyhood of this nation was called into the field in the terrible days of the Civil War to fill vacancies in the ranks when grown men had fallen is graphically but briefly told in statistics gathered for and published in the Rock Island "Boys' Magazine" for May. That 90,000 of our boys participated in the fighting in that great war will come as a surprise to nearly all who see these figures for the first time.

In the Union army during the War of the Rebellion there were 25 boys 10 years of age and under, 235 of 12 years and under, 1523 of 14 and under, 844,891 of 16 and under, 1,151,438 of 18 and under, 2,159,798 of 21 years of age and under and only 618,511 who were over 22 years of age. These figures, says the magazine, show that the great rebellion was put down by boys.

## CHINESE YOUNG PEOPLE'S ASSOCIATION TO MAKE MEMBERSHIP CAMPAIGN

A. W. Young, membership secretary of the Chinese Young People's Oratorical Association, announces that the association has commenced a membership campaign. First prize will be an engraved gold medal, second prize will be a silver medal, and third prize a copper medal. The contest begins today and will end August 31. The medals have been donated by supporters of the association.

The tannery at Island Falls, Me., of F. W. Hunt & Co., of Boston, one of the largest sole-leather tanneries in New England, was burned with a loss estimated at \$75,000.

## Ain't It a Grand and Glorious Feelin'?

By BRIGGS



## SUGAR PLANTERS WILL AID IN GARDEN-MAKING ON MAUI

(Special Star-Bulletin Correspondence.)

WAILUKU, Maui, May 21.—Children are not to have a monopoly of garden making on Maui. This was made clear this week with the arrival from Honolulu of Dr. H. L. Lyon, pathologist of the planters' experiment station. The sugar planters have formally acknowledged their responsibility, for helping out in the matter of general food supply and the organization of their part in this work has been left to the experiment station staff. The plantations will all devote more or less of their lands to the growing of standard marketable crops, such as sweet potatoes and beans of various kinds.

But besides this, Dr. Lyon states that the plantations will encourage the laborers on the plantations to plant gardens for their own use about their houses. They will furnish free seed for this purpose, and will undertake to purchase their surplus product of such things as beans and potatoes.

**Will Look After Marketing**  
In fact Dr. Lyon states that the planters' organization purposes seeing the undertaking through to a finish, including the disposition of produce

raised. "If more is produced than can be consumed here in the islands," he stated, "arrangements will be made for shipping the surplus to the mainland and for selling it there. We plan to guarantee the growers a fair market price for all they can raise. Of course we can scarcely undertake to handle fresh vegetables, but we are advocating the planting of sweet potatoes and beans, and we shall be ready to handle all of these that may be offered."

**Much Seed for Children**  
Director of children's gardens, L. W. Mathews, states that most of the week has been taken up by a bunch of Boy Scouts in putting seed up in packets for distribution, and in sending out this supply to various parts of the island. Forty sets were sent to Kihel yesterday where land had been plowed and is now ready for planting.

From Oloulu the report comes that at least 50 gardens are being prepared by the children. At this plantation also the children have solved the irrigation problem by digging wells. A number of these are now being constructed, the water being sufficiently fresh for the purpose for which it is intended.

## VITAL STATISTICS

**BORN**  
MILLER—In Honolulu, May 21, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Miller of 553 Halekuala street, a son, Benjamin Carlos.

**RUBIO**—In Honolulu, May 21, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Esteban V. Rubio of 503 North King street, a daughter.

**PERROA**—In Honolulu, May 18, 1917, to Senhor Angelo Lopes da Cunha Perroa, Portuguese consul general, and Senhora Perroa of 787 South King street, a daughter.

**BECKLEY**—In Honolulu, May 16, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Keawouluna Beckley of 1352A Waiakamilo Road, a daughter, Lucy.

**ROSENBLUDT**—In the Mount Zion hospital, San Francisco, May 10, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Morris Rosenbludt, formerly of Honolulu, a son, James Morris.

**MARRIED**  
FEREIRA-PESCAIA—In Honolulu, May 19, 1917, John de Mello Pereira and Miss Carrie Alves Pescaia, Rev. Father Maximilian Alf of the Catholic cathedral, officiating. Witnesses, Peter F. Neves and Anna N. Neves.

**MULLER-RUTKOWSKI**—In Honolulu, May 19, 1917, Richard Muller and Mrs. Catherine Rutkowski, Rev. Samuel K. Kamalopili, assistant pastor of Kaunakapili church, officiating. Witnesses, Helen P. White and William O. White.

**DIED**  
NAPAPA—In Honolulu, May 21, 1917, Keoloha Napapa of 1455 Ninth avenue, Kaimuki, widower, laborer; a native of Lahaina, Maui, 64 years old.

**PINAO**—In Honolulu, May 21, 1917, Mrs. Rebecca Halekuala Pinao of 539 Halekuala street; a native of this city, 37 years 4 months and 15 days old.

**KEKUEWA**—In Honolulu, May 20, 1917, Mrs. Mary Kekuewa of Archer Lane; a native of Lanai, 33 years 3 months and 24 days old.

**NOA**—In Honolulu, May 20, 1917, Mrs. Annie Kealakahi Noa of Boretania, near Smith street; a native of Hilo, Hawaii, 32 years and 9 days old.

**HUSSEY**—In Honolulu, May 19, 1917, Ernest son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Keawe Hussey of 3125 Monsarrat avenue, Kapaeha; a native of this city, 1 year and 8 months old.

**NAONE**—In Honolulu, May 19, 1917, Henry Naone (Naomene) of 1750 Luso street, married, sailor; a native of Samoa, 40 years old.

## Economy Recipes

The following recipes have been sent to the Star-Bulletin as the result of a suggestion by a Honolulu woman that a number of recipes and menus be suggested which have been tried out by local housewives.

Mrs. A. E. Murphy contributes these:

**BREAD PUDDING**  
Heat one quart of milk and pound it over two cups of bread crumbs; add a small piece of butter and a dash of nutmeg. While soaking, stir up the yolks of four eggs, 1 cup sugar, the rind of 1 lemon or orange and when bread is soft and cool, stir the eggs into it. Bake until it "sets." Make a meringue of the beaten whites of the four eggs, 4 tablespoons of powdered sugar, the juice of the orange or lemon. Spread on pudding and put in the oven until it is a light brown.

—Mrs. Augustus E. Murphy.

**FILLED CUCUMBER**  
Two cups of cold left-over meat that has been put twice through the food chopper, a tablespoonful of flour, a teaspoonful of ginger, one-half cup of bread crumbs, one egg, unbeat, salt and pepper and small cup of stock. Have half as many cucumbers as needed, peel, split through the center, remove seeds and fill with meat mixture. Put in the oven, dot with butter and sprinkle with cheese. Serve half of one to each person.

—Mrs. Augustus E. Murphy.

**RUSSIAN SALAD**  
One pint of cooked string beans, 1 pint sliced carrots, 1 can of peas, a cup of chopped celery and 1/2 cup of nutmeats; 1 cucumber sliced, 4 green peppers, chopped, a dash of nutmeg and the whole mixed with mayonnaise. Serve on crisp lettuce leaves.

—Mrs. Augustus E. Murphy.

**FISH AU GRATIN**  
Take a large fish, skin and also remove bones (put in an earthenware or glass baking dish) divided into four slices; pour over it a pint of milk, sprinkle salt and pepper, tablespoon corn starch, two tablespoons grated cheese and some small pieces butter. Put in oven until lightly brown, serve in same dish.

**KEDJEREE OF FISH**  
Break some cold fish into small pieces, mix with 1 teaspoon cooked rice, one or two chopped hard-boiled eggs,

## BEAUTY CHATS

By EDNA KENT FORBES

### Perfumes

Bernice writes—"I have recently been reading a number of books about England in the middle of the last century—Wilde's Dorian Gray, Thackeray and others—and I notice so many of them mention a perfume called 'Fragrant' they call it—as being used by the titled women and beauties of that day. Is it a real perfume, and if so can it be bought now? It must be lovely to have made such an impression upon writers. Can you tell me how it is made, and why it has such a curious name? I read your chats on wearing a distinctive perfume, and wondered whether I could adopt this as my own."

Yes, I can tell you something about it, and how to make it, though I cannot say whether all druggists carry the needed ingredients. It was named for its discoverer, one Frangipani, a gentleman of Rome who lived in the time of the Crusades. The listed ingredients are all spices or oils—Extract neroli, 1 drachm; essence royale, 3 drachms; Oil of lavender, oil of cloves, oil of rhodium, 5 drops each powdered olive, 10 grains, rectified spirits, 4 ounces.

The formula I obtained from an old old book on court etiquette and cosmetics. The oils and essences are mixed, the whole is shaken up and allowed to settle for a week, being shaken up several times during the day. Keep in a dark place during the week.

The study of perfumes is full of fascination. One soon learns which flower essences and which citrus oils form the basis of all odors, then the combination of different sorts becomes a fascinating task.

**Questions and Answers.**

Olgo Flint—"I fancy some affection of the blood is causing the pores in your face to become large and the veins to appear. Have your doctor test your blood. Cold cream, if too strong for your skin, would hurt the complexion, but hardly have such an effect upon the pores. Stop the salts and enema treatment if you have used it more than a month—in fact, use only one, either salts or enema, but not the two together."

Perfumes have a revivifying effect upon tired people.

the nail. But try a little mental persuasion on yourself—remember it is an awkward habit, and that it will mar the beauty of your nail. Learn to manicure your nails to a pretty rounded point, and you will be so pleased with them you'll always remember not to spoil them by biting. It won't take long to break the habit.

## DENMARK FEELS FOOD SCARCITY

People of Denmark look for many months of fighting before the great world war is ended, according to letters two months old that have just been received by Chief Clerk Frederick Gluud, national guard headquarters, from Copenhagen.

This mail is the first that Gluud has had from his old home in several months. It tells of hardships which the Danes were suffering in March when the letters were written.

Foodstuffs were scarce, and cards for supplies had been issued. There were sugar cards, potato cards and coal cards. Regulations were in force to keep people from frying meat, owing to the scarcity of gas. Use of electric lights was also limited.

"There is not much going about on the streets after dark now," says one of the messages, "owing to the fact that street lights are not burned anymore. Even the supply of drinking water has been cut down."

Early in the war, Gluud says, Denmark shipped tons upon tons of sup-

## MME. MALMBERG WILL LECTURE ON FRIDAY EVENING

Noted Finnish Sociologist Will Tell of Russian Secret Police and the War

Madame Aino Malmberg, the noted Finnish lecturer who spoke at the Y. W. C. A. Friday evening on "Finland and the Finns," will give another lecture at the association under the auspices of the College Club on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

Madame Malmberg will tell of the work that has been carried on for the oppressed nations of the world and will outline the situation in Russia with reference to the Russian secret police. Her long acquaintance with Russian affairs has given her a keen idea of the political activities of the various nations of Europe.

Hundreds attended the last lecture at the Y. W. C. A. and were very much impressed with the talk on the situation in Finland. At this time there is much interest in the work that is being carried out in Russia, and Madame Malmberg's lecture promises to be both instructive and entertaining.

## PROMOTIONISTS PLAN FOR GOOD TOURIST TRADE

Vacation Time and Letter Day Promises to Bring Good Results for Tourist Crop

Less than one month remains before the vacations begin for the teachers of the territory and the Hawaii Promotion Committee has been unusually active sending invitations to the teachers to visit other parts of the islands.

There is expected to be a big exodus of teachers from Oahu late in June, some of them visiting Hawaii, others Kauai and Maui. Many of the teachers have planned to visit all three islands so that they may have an idea of the geography of the territory at first hand.

The plans for "Letter Day" are progressing, and the committee will work for the Chamber of Commerce in making the big day a red letter one in the annals of the promotion work. "Bring a Friend to Hawaii This Summer" has struck a popular note, and it is expected that the 500 names of those who will be asked will be in the hands of the secretary within two weeks.

## SEE BIG STORM ABOVE WAIANAE

What Deputy Tax Assessor A. W. Neely describes as one of the most marvelous sights he ever witnessed was a thunderstorm seen over the Wai'anae range on Saturday afternoon by himself and Peter McLean in a fishing boat at sea.

Neely vividly pictured his impressions today in telling of the trip. He says that though not more than a quarter of a mile from land he and McLean were hardly sprinkled by the rain which poured in a veritable water-spout upon the craggy heads of Wai'anae.

"The storm cloud" was absolutely black," says Neely, "but at rapid intervals was pierced by zig-zag streaks of lightning. The thunder was deafening. So hard did the rain sweep down that from every gully along the cliffs water poured with a dull roar to the sea. The water about us for a long distance was soon stained brown by the muddy torrent."

The fishermen caught three ulua and one kaku, all good sized, despite the rough water they found on the trip.

## SCOTT WOULD ABOLISH MAY 31 FRIVOLITIES

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—The senate adopted a concurrent resolution by Scott of San Francisco urging the people of the state to make Memorial day "a day of patriotic demonstration only," and that they refrain from "frivolous amusements" to the extent that proper respect shall be paid to the memories of the nation's dead heroes "in a way befitting a great nation in this solemn period of our history."

## WOMEN DOING MEN'S WORK

One of the most striking results of the great war in Europe, is the extent to which women are doing the work of men. Travelers to England and France report that practically every able-bodied man is in uniform and women by the thousands are engaged in doing men's work—acting as conductors and drivers on the cars and doing all sorts of heavy work besides.

This shows unexpected possibilities in what has been mistakenly called the weaker sex. Women are subject to ailments which men do not have, and when so alling become weak, helpless sufferers. But a remedy has been found. For forty years, Lydia E. Pink-

## BRIGGS!

is the latest Star-Bulletin feature

The man whose work in two years has made him the most talked-of cartoonist in the United States will draw for the newspaper public of Hawaii.

The Star-Bulletin by special arrangement with the New York Tribune has secured the cartoon service of the brilliant artist who created

"When a Feller Needs a Friend"  
"It Happens in the Best-Regulated Families"

"The Days of Real Sport"  
Etc.

And those deliciously funny  
Kelly Pool and Golf Pictures

LAUGH WITH BRIGGS IN THE STAR-BULLETIN EVERY EVENING!